Unique Regulatory and Documentation Standards for Inpatient Behavioral Health

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Why are Behavioral Health Standards Different From Other Inpatient Requirements?

- Behavioral Health does not follow predictable clinical pathways
 - Inpatient Psych. has been exempt from DRGs
 - Cause, effect, and treatment are more complex
- Special Conditions apply to
 - Freestanding Psychiatric Hospitals
 - "Exempt" Psychiatric Units
 - Inpatient Prospective Payment System (IPPS)
- Provider (Psychiatrist and other professionals) have the obligation to determine what treatment is "reasonable and necessary" for the patient.

"Reasonable and Necessary"

- Requires Physician Certification and Re-Certification
- Services provided under an individualized plan of treatment
- Services must be reasonably expected to improve the patient's condition or result in diagnostic conclusions
- Services must be supervised and evaluated by a Physician

General Provisions

482.2 Provision of Emergency Services

Administration

482.21 Compliance with Federal, State, and Local Laws

482.12 Governing Body

482.13 Patient Rights

Basic Hospital Functions

482.21	Quality Assurance
482.22	Medical Staff
482.23	Nursing Services
482.24	Medical Records
482.25	Pharmacy
482.26	Radiology
482.27	Laboratory
482.28	Food and Dietary
482.30	Utilization Review
482.41	Physical Environment
482.42	Infection Control
482.43	Discharge Planning
482.44	Organ Tissue and Eye Procurement

Optional Hospital Services

482.51	Surgical Services
482.52	Anesthesia
482.53	Nuclear Medicine
482.54	Outpatient Services
482.55	Emergency Services
482.56	Rehabilitation Services
482.57	Respiratory Care Services

Requirements for Specialty Hospitals

482.60	Special Conditions: Psychiatric Hospitals
482.61	Medical Record Requirements: Psychiatric
482.62	Staffing Requirements: Psychiatric
482.66	Long Term Care

EMTALA/COBRA

489.20 Anti-Dumping and Emergency Transfer

Condition

Standards

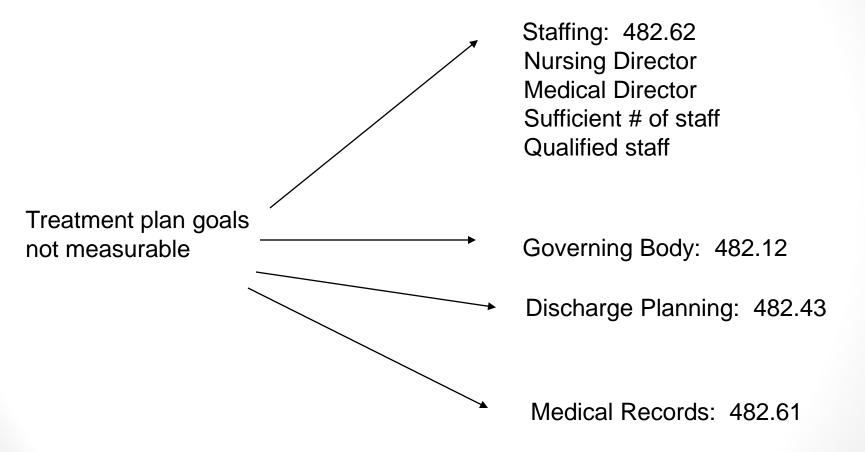
Interpretive Guidelines - rsychiatric Hospitals TAG NUMBER GUIDANCE TO SURVEYORS REGULATION B103 §482.61 Condition of Participation: \$482.61 GUIDANCE The clinical record should provides information that indicates need for admission and Special medical record treatment, treatment goals, changes in status of treatment and discharge planning, and sychiatric hospitals follow-up and the outcomes experienced by patients. The medical records maintained by a psychiatric hospital must The structure and content of the individual patient's record must be an accurate permit determination of the functional representation of the actual experience of the individual in the facility. It degree and intensity of the must contain enough information to indicate that the facility knows the status of the treatment provided to patient, has adequate plans to intervene, and provides sufficient evidence of the effects individuals who are furnished of the intervention, and how their interventions served as a function of the outcomes services in the institution. experienced. You must be able to identify this through interviews with staff, and when possible with individuals being served, as well as through observations. (a) Standard: Development of assessment/diagnostic data. B104 Medical records must stress the psychiatric components of the record, including history of findings and treatment provided for the psychiatric condition for which the patient is (1) The identification data must \$482.61(a)(1) GUIDANCE: Definition: Legal Status is defined in the State statutes and dictates the circumstances: include the patient's legal status. under which the patient was admitted and/or is being treated - i.e., voluntary, involuntary, committed by court, evaluation and recertification are in accordance with state requirements. Determine through interview with haspital staff the terminology they use in defining "legal status." If evaluation and recertification is required by the State, determine that legal documentation supporting this status is present. Changes in legal status should also be recorded with the date of change AA-24 9/95 Rev. 276

Interpretive Guidelines

What Do CMS Conditions Obligate You To?

- All Hospitals participating in Medicare or Medicaid must fully comply with all CoP's.
- Most State Licensure surveys utilize the CMS Conditions of Participation.
 - Joint Commission "Deemed Status"
- Being out-of-compliance with one or more standards requires a corrective action plan.
- Being out on a condition (CoP) means your hospital is in jeopardy of losing:
 - Medicare Funding
 - Medicaid Funding
 - License To Operate Hospital In Your State

One Standard Can Trigger Multiple Citations



Medical Record Special Condition 42 CFR 482.61

Assessments

• B104 through B117

Treatment Plan

• B118 through B124

Progress Notes

• B125 through B132

Discharge Plan and Summary

• B133 through B135

READY

AIM

FIRE

Assessments B104-B117

B104 History of Illness

B105 Legal Status

B106 Admitting Diagnosis

B107 Reasons for Admission to Hospital

B108 Psychosocial Assessment

B109 Neurological Exam

Psychiatric Evaluation

§482.61(b)

B110 Psychiatric Evaluation

- B111 Completed within 60 hours of admission
- B112 Includes Medical History
- B113 Records mental status
- B114 Notes onset of illness and circumstances leading to admission
- B115 Describes patients attitudes and behaviors
- B116 Estimate of intellectual function, memory, orientation
- B117 Descriptive inventory of patient assets

Admission Physical Examination

§482.61(a)(5)

B109 Physical Examination

- Thorough History and Physical upon admission
- Include all laboratory examinations
- Sufficient to cover all structural, functional, systemic, and metabolic disorders
- Past physical disorders
- Substance abuse
- Neurological screening to include testing of Cranial Nerves II-XII
- Look for signs of current illness
- Determine if psychiatric symptoms may be due to medical condition or substance-related disorder

Neurological Screening includes Cranial Nerves II-XII

§482.61(a)(5)

CRANIAL NERVES: (Circle each test used)		YES	NO
OLFACTORY I:	Smells freshly burned match, fresh coffee, or alcohol swab	r	r
OPTICAL II:	Distinguishes number of fingers in central field. Distinguishes movements in peripheral field.	r	r
OCULOMOTOR III: TROCHLEAR IV: ABDUDENS VI:	Gazes symmetrically up, down, sideways	r	r
TRIGEM V:	Distinguishes 1 from 2 point touch symmetrically on forehead, cheeks, and chin; chews symmetrically.	r	r
FACIAL VII:	Upper: frowns symmetrically Lower: smiles symmetrically	r r	r r
AUDITORY VII:	Hears finger rubbing or snapping equally in both ears	r	r
GLOSSO-PHARYNGEAL IX: VAGUS:	Has gag reflex Can make guttural sounds	r r	r
ACCESORY XI: HYPOLGLOSSAL XII:	Shrugs shoulders symmetrically Can stick tongue out without tremors or fasolculations	r r	r

General Guidelines for Assessments

- Distinguish history-taking from assessment
 - History is a un-interpreted data; a profile of significant symptoms or circumstances
 - Assessment is an evaluation of this data by a qualified clinician who then draws conclusions and recommendations.
- Give Supporting Evidence
- Summarize <u>conclusions</u> in an evaluation
 - Declare medical necessity
 - Severity of illness
- Offer specific <u>recommendations</u> for treatment
 - All major clinical disciplines and treatment modalities
 - Intensity of Service

Treatment Planning B118-B125

B118 Each patient has individualized, comprehensive treatment plan

B119 Based on inventory of patient's strengths and disabilities

Treatment Plan Must Include:

B120	Substantiated diagnosis
B121	Short-term and Long-range goals
B122	Specific treatment modalities
B123	Responsibilities of each member of the treatment team
B124	Adequate documentation to justify diagnosis and interventions
B125	Documentation of all <u>active</u> therapeutic efforts

See Handout – pages 15-16

Progress Notes B126-B132

Progress Notes Required By:

B126 Physician B127 Nursing

B128 Social Worker

B129 Other significantly-involved disciplines

- B130 Frequency of notes sufficient for patients condition
- B131 Progress notes include recommendations for revisions in the treatment plan
- B132 Assess progress (or lack thereof) towards established treatment goals

Discharge Planning

B134 Discharge Summary contains recommendations for appropriate services following discharge.

- Aftercare appointments (complete with dates)
- Discharge medications
- Housing needs
- Financial needs relative to aftercare
- Recommended family resources/involvement
- Recreational and leisure needs

B135 Brief summary of patient's condition on discharge

See Handout – pages 9-10

Special Condition Staffing – Psychiatric 42 CFR § 482.62

Sufficient and Qualified Personnel - B137 - B140

Medical Director and medical staff - B141 - B145

Nursing Services - B146 - B150

• (masters-level RN)

Psychological Services - B151

Social Services - B152 - B155

(MSW leads social services)

Therapeutic Activities

B156 - B158

Patient Rights

42 CFR § 482.13

A 751

Notice of Rights

A 752

Grievance Process

A 760

Pt. Involvement in Tx Plan

A 761

Advanced Directives

A 763

Privacy and Safety

Right to safe environment

A 766

Confidentiality

A 767

Pt. Right to Access PHI

A 769-791

Seclusion & Restraint

References

- To obtain hard copy of Special Conditions of Participation for Psychiatric Units
 - See your Horizon Program Director
- To download a full set of Conditions of Participation
 - http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/som107ap_a_hospitals.pdf

How Does Your Behavioral Health Unit Stand? *Tools at your disposal:*

- Daily Concurrent Record Review
 - Make corrections while you still can
- Horizon Monthly Audit
 - Sample size for external review
- Horizon Annual Comprehensive Audit
- Horizon VP, Clinical Services
 - Site visits
 - Training

Questions?